

The Netherlands as investment jurisdiction

Place to be or ancient history?

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Agenda

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- 1. Netherlands perception
- 2. International developments
- 3. The Dutch response

1. The Netherlands – perception





Netherlands – how we see ourselves







The Netherlands – according to the poet Heinrich Heine

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"If the world ever comes to an end,

I will go to the Netherlands,

because everything there happens fifty years later"



2. International developments













Where did this all lead to?



Multilateral instrument

The MLI is a treaty:

That will modify existing tax treaties

Impact:

- Rapid changes to many tax treaties
- Ubiquitous anti-abuse rules in treaties

Transparency

Country-by-country reporting

Automatic exchange

Master and local file

Detailed information on group companies

And much more...

- UBO Register
- Rulings
- FATCA and CRS

EU

ATAD and ATAD II

- deductibility of interest
- exit taxation
- general anti-abuse rule (GAAR)
- controlled foreign company (CFC) rules
- hybrid mismatches

3. The Dutch response





Position of Dutch government



- Netherlands is small country with large ROW and very internationally oriented.
- Foreign investors create 40% of all jobs in the Netherlands.
- Our tax system is designed to create a level playing field between internationally and domestically operating businesses.
- 'Crown jewels' are very important to this level playing field and must be defended.
- BEPS is predominantly a source country problem, that should be solved via international consensus and "hard law".
- Exchange of information (transparency) in combination with targeted anti-abuse rules should avoid undesired treaty and EU directive-shopping.
- Certain level of tax competition between countries is acceptable.
- Use BEPS proceeds to reduce corporate income tax rate.

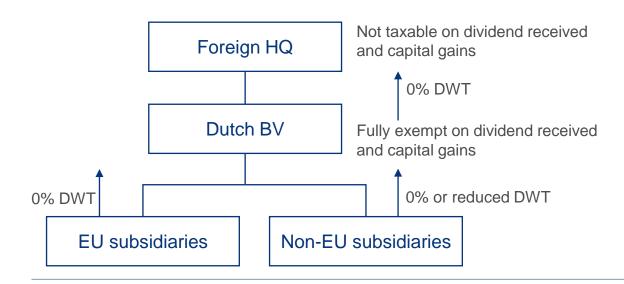
So what did they do?



- Main corporation tax rate to be reduced to 21% per 2021
- Amend rules for Cooperatives (now generally similar to BVs)
- Abolishment dividend tax
 - as of 2020 altogether, unless shareholder in low tax jurisdiction and in case of 'abuse'
 - as of 2018 already in treaty situations above 5% ownership DutchCo
- New 'relevant' substance requirements for intermediate holding companies: salary cost and office at disposal
- Introduce withholding tax on interest & royalties to low tax jurisdictions (and?) in case of 'abuse'

And how does this affect our typical structure?





- Domestic exemption for foreign income
- Domestic exemption for distributions
- So less dependent on tax treaties and MLI impact
- But... substance will be required

- Beware of increasing anti-abuse rules in Asia (also Korea, Japan etc.), Europe (GAAR, ATAD) and the world (BEPS)
- Focus on substance / people's function the 'old days' of empty holding companies are over



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Hans Rothuizen, tax adviser, is a senior associate in the tax practice of Loyens & Loeff, where he is member of the investment management and real estate team. Before Hans joined the firm's Hong Kong office, he worked in the Amsterdam office of Loyens & Loeff for over five years.

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