



# America's New Tax Law – International Tax Changes

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## Individual Tax Rate Reduction (Highest Rates)

	Single Taxpayer	
Taxable Income	2017	2018
\$500,000	39.6% (\$418k)	37%

	Married – Filing Separately	
Taxable Income	2017	2018
\$300,000	39.6% (\$235k)	37%

	Married – Filing Jointly	
Taxable Income	2017	2018
\$600,000	39.6% (\$470k)	37%

<b>Capital Gains Rate</b>	<b>Still 20%</b>	
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# Corporate Tax Rates

Income	2017	2018
0-50,000	15%	21%
50,000-75,000	25%	21%
75,000-10,000,000	34%	21%
Over 10,000,000	35%	21%

No alternative minimum tax

Net operating losses:

1. no carry back
2. unlimited carry forward
3. limited to 80% of income
4. value reduced

# Selected Domestic Tax Changes

\*20% deduction allowed if:

1. Not a corporation (applicable to U.S. LLCs, partnerships, “S” Corps and individuals)
2. Applicable only to qualified business income which is the lesser of:
  - a. Qualified business income; and
  - b. The greater of
    - i. 50% of wages; and
    - ii. 25% of wages and 2.5% of acquired property
3. Not applicable to certain “service” business such as law, accounting, performing arts, athletics, financial services – and some other personal services income exception
4. Lower income exception
  - i. Services
  - ii. Reduction in 2 above

# Limit on Interest Deduction

1. Not applicable if gross receipts average less than \$25M/3 year average
2. Limit on deduction is:
  - a. 30% of adjusted taxable income, plus
  - b. Business interest income

# Important International Tax Changes

1. No tax on dividends from foreign corporation
  - a. Only applies to corporate owners
  - b. Must be a foreign corporation
  - c. Must own at least 10%
  - d. Applicable only to “foreign earnings”
  - e. 1 year holding period (365/731 rule)
  - f. No foreign tax credit (withholding taxes from foreign country are not offset)

## 2. GILTI (Global Intangible Low Taxed Income)

Definition: (net tested CFC income – 10% qualified business assets)

- a. Must be a CFC
- b. If U.S. Corp. – 50% deduction (80% Foreign Tax Credit)
- c. If *not* U.S. Corp. – fully includable (37% rate), no foreign tax credit even on withheld taxes
- d. Not applicable if foreign tax rate is 13.125% (corps), 18.9% non- corps
- e. 962(b) election

### 3. Foreign Derived Intangible Income of U.S. Person (FDII)

Definition:  $FDII = [\text{deemed intangible income (A)} \times \text{foreign derived deduction eligible income (B)}] / \text{Deduction eligible income (C)}$

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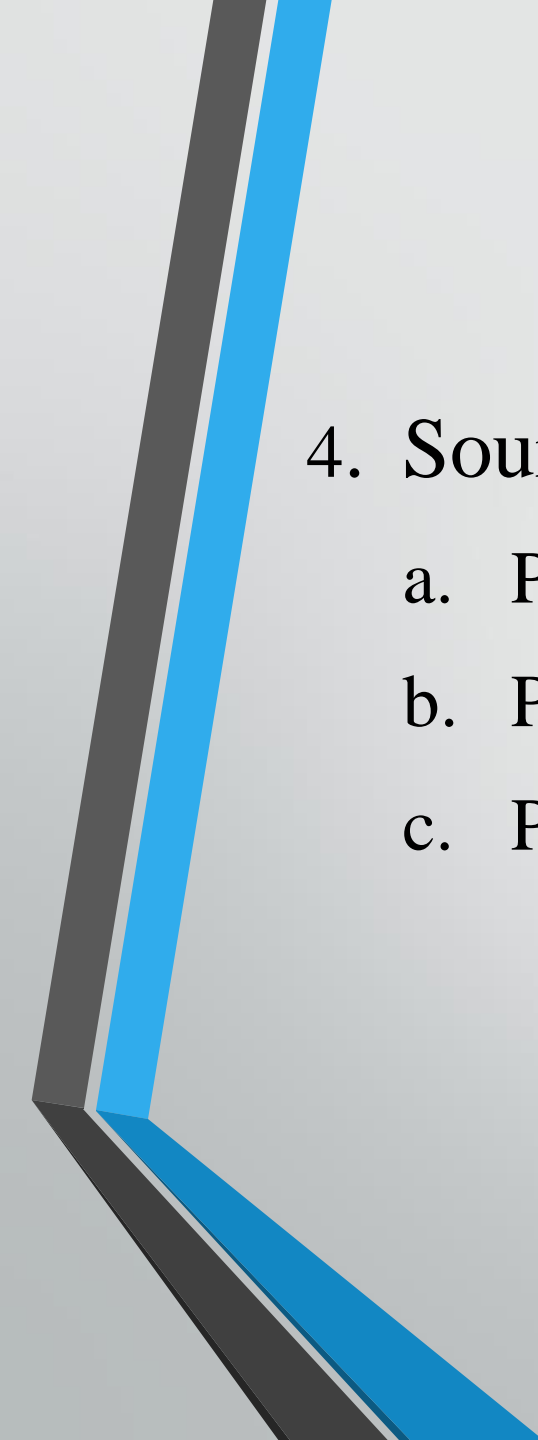
A= income – adjustments - 10% of qualified business assets

B= property sold to foreign person for foreign use or services for any person as to non U.S. property

C= gross income with adjustments – allowable deductions

*Deduction is 37.5% of FDII (tax rate of 13.125%)*

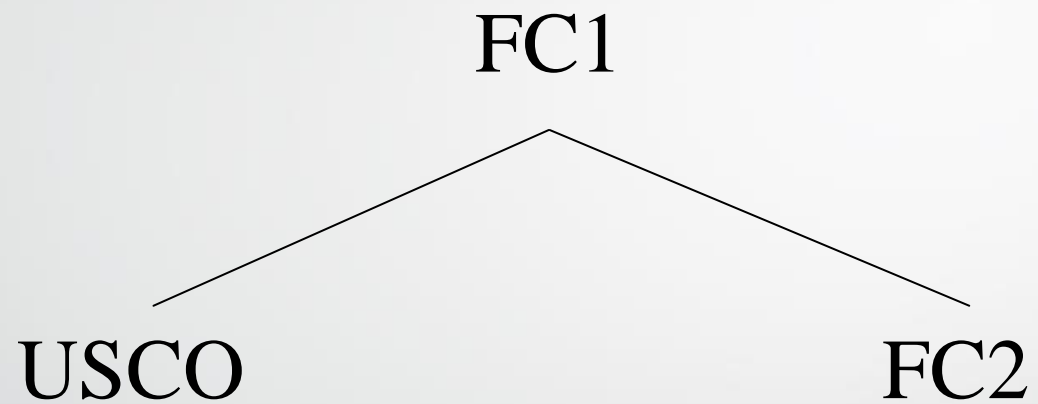




#### 4. Source Rules – Sales of Inventory

- a. Place of sale – passage of title no longer relevant
- b. Place of production
- c. Partly in/out of U.S.?

## 5. CFC Definition



No 30 day requirement

# Estate Tax/Gift Tax

1. Exemption for foreign persons - \$60,000
2. Exemption for U.S. Citizens/domicile - \$11,200,000
3. 2026 – 50% reduction
4. Trusts with foreign settlors and U.S. beneficiaries